

# PEL-2000B Series

Programmable D.C. Electronic Load

## FEATURES

- Sequence Function to do High Speed Load Simulations
- Flexible Configuration with Mainframes and Plug-in Modules
- Multiple Independent Load Inputs up to 8 Channels in a Mainframe
- Parallel Connection of Inputs for Higher Load Capacity
- Program Mode to Create Work Routines for Repetitive Tests
- OPP/OCP/OVP/OTP/RVP/UVF Protections
- External Channel Control/Monitoring via Analog Control Connector
- Multiple-Interface USB Device/Host, RS-232C/RS485, LAN and GPIB(optional)

**GW INSTEK**  
Simply Reliable

The PEL-2004B and PEL-2002B are multiple channel, programmable DC electronic loads with a modularized structure. The PEL-2000B Series is designed to meet the continuing shift toward high speed operation in today's semiconductor market. As the power supply units, DC-DC converters, and batteries that drive semiconductor circuits need to follow this shift, power supply design, quality inspection and characteristic certification using high-speed performance loads have become necessary. The PEL-2000B Series includes two types of mainframes and 4 types of load modules to accommodate users' requirements in a flexible manner. Any load module combination can be used with a mainframe to tailor a test system based on the number of channels, and the maximum load power, voltage and current of each channel. Multiple loads can be connected in parallel to provide a higher-power load to test higher power supply outputs. This flexibility significantly reduces the investment needed for future projects that have differed power requirements.

PEL-2004B is a 4-slot mainframe with a master control unit to hold 4 load modules, while PEL-2002B is a 2-slot mainframe with master control unit to hold 2 load modules. When PEL-2004B is configured with 4 load modules rated at 350W each, the PEL-2000B series is able to sink up to 1.4kVA of power.

For higher load capacities, mainframes can be linked together in parallel with standard MIL 20-pin connectors. A maximum of 5 mainframes, including one master and 4 slaves can be chained together to create a total load capacity of 7kW for high current and high power applications. Using 4 dual channel load modules, PEL-2004B is able to test 8 power supply outputs simultaneously.

The Sequence function allows each channel to change its load sink according to a predefined sequence at a rate of up to 100µs per step. Each sequence is able to run concurrently, under the control of one clock. This is one of the most powerful features of the PEL-2000B Series as it is able to realistically simulate a multi-output power supply load. Under Dynamic mode, the load current or load resistance pulses between two preset levels at a pre-defined speed up to 25µs per step. This is often used as the standard test procedure to verify the response of a power supply to quick load changes. Most remarkably, multiple load channels can be connected in parallel to run Dynamic tests synchronously under a single clock. This Parallel Dynamic functionality gives the flexibility to perform dynamic tests for a high-power power supply without the need of another high-power load.

The PEL-2000B Series includes a number of protection modes: Over Current Protection (OCP), Over Voltage Protection (OVP), Over Power Protection (OPP), Reverse Voltage Protection (RVP), and Under Voltage Protection(UVP). The protection modes are useful to protect both the load modules and the DUT(s). A buzzer can be set for when a protection setting has been tripped. When a protection mode has been tripped, the load unit will display an alarm and stop sinking current/voltage. When a load unit is operating in CR or CV mode, the unit may need Over Current Protection to prevent excessive current being sunk. Over Current Protection stops the load from sinking more current than its recommended limit and prevents the load from burn-out damage. Over Voltage Protection is used to limit the amount of voltage sunk. If the OVP trips, the PEL-Series load will stop sinking voltage. Over Power Protection is used when the input power exceeds the specifications of the load. When OPP is tripped, the power will cease to be sunk. Reverse Voltage Protection prevents reverse voltage damage to the PEL-2000B Series up to the specified rating. When Reverse Voltage Protection has been tripped, an alarm tone will sound until the reverse voltage is removed. Under Voltage Protection will turn off the load when the voltage drops below a set limit.

The Go/NoGo function is available to monitor test results all the time. When a test result goes beyond a preset limit range, a "No Go" indication will be shown on the display and a "No Go" signal can be sent out through the D-SUB interface for external device control. This Go/NoGo function is available for CC mode, CV mode and CR mode. Under "Program" mode, 12 programs each containing 10 panel-setup memories, can be edited to create work routines for repetitive tests. After a program has been executed, the results of all test steps, along with the Go/NoGo judgments, will be shown on the screen. For external control and system configuration, the PEL-2000B Series has USB, RS-232C/RS-485 and LAN interfaces as standard and GPIB as an option. The LabView driver and Data Logging PC software are both supported for all the available interfaces. Each channel has an analog control/monitoring connector on the rear panel to externally turn a load on/off and to externally monitor load input current and voltage.

## PANEL INTRODUCTION



1. Mainframe (Master) LCD Display  
320 by 240 TFT LCD
2. Function Keys
3. System Keys
4. Mainframe Operation Keys
5. USB Host
6. Load Module Operation Keys
7. V Sense
8. Terminals
9. Selector Knob
10. Go/NoGo Output
11. GPIB (optional)
12. RS-232C/RS-485 Interface  
(Remote-IN/Remote-OUT)
13. LAN Interface
14. USB Device
15. Mainframe Control Connector
16. External Channel Control 1~8

## A. MODULARIZED STRUCTURE/PROGRAM & INTERFACE

### Modularized Structure

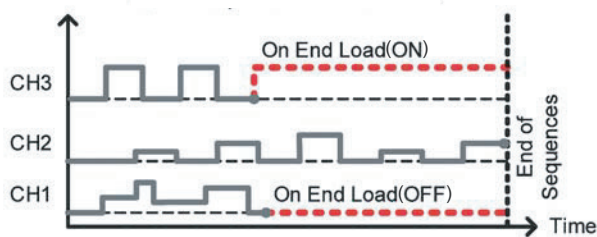
PEL-2004B is a 4-slot mainframe with a master control unit made to hold 4 load modules, and PEL-2002B is a 2-slot mainframe with a master control unit made to hold 2 load modules. The modularized structure of the PEL-2000B Series allows any combination of mainframe and load module (PEL-2020B, PEL-2030B, PEL-2040B, PEL-2041B) to be integrated into a custom-tailored system.

Multiple loads within the same mainframe can be connected in parallel to perform both static and dynamic tests. This flexibility makes the PEL-2000B Series a very cost-effective instrument for testing a broad range of power supply outputs.

### Program & Interface

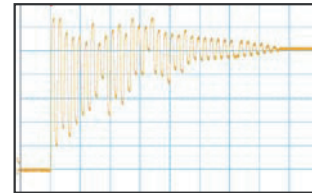
The PEL-2000B Series supports a total of 12 different programs and 10 sequences to each program. With a total of up to 120 different configurations. For external control and system configuration, the PEL-2000B Series has USB, RS-232C/RS-485 and LAN interfaces as standard and GPIB as an option. The LabView driver and Data Logging PC software are supported for all the interfaces available. Each channel has an analog control/monitoring connector to externally turn a load on/off and to externally monitor load input current and voltage.

## B. AUTOMATICALLY SEQUENCE FUNCTION



Sequence - On End Load

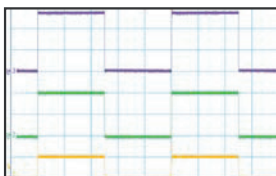
The Sequence function allows each channel to change its load sink according to a predefined sequence at a rate of up to 100  $\mu$ s per step. Each sequence is able to run concurrently, under the control of one clock. This is one of the most powerful features of the PEL-2000B Series as it is able to realistically simulate a multi-output power supply load. Under Dynamic mode, the load current or load resistance pulses between two preset levels at a pre-defined speed up to 25  $\mu$ s per step. This is often used as the standard test procedure to verify the response of a power supply to quick load changes.



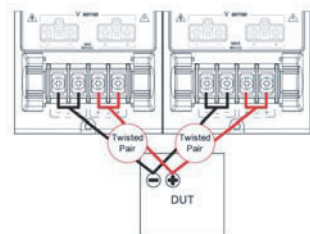
The figure above shows the current waveform of a simulation using the sequence function.

The picture above is an example of a sequence used as a load profile for a single output switching power supply. A load profile is programmed to simulate the current drawn of a power supply load. By using a current probe to acquire a current waveform, PEL-2000B is able to evaluate the performance of a power supply based on the load sequence that is programmed. An oscilloscope is then used to display the result.

## C. PARALLEL DYNAMIC LOADING



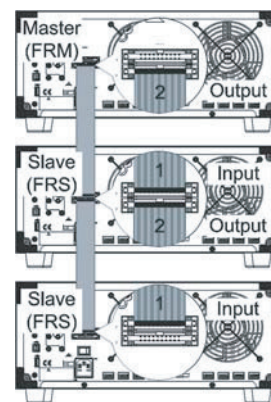
Dynamic Test



Wire Connection

All the load channels in a PEL-2000B mainframe can be connected in parallel to perform any combination of static or dynamic loading. Under Dynamic mode, the load current or load resistance pulses between two preset levels at a predefined speed of up to 25  $\mu$ s per step. When the channels are connected in parallel, dynamic tests are synchronously clocked. The ability to perform parallel dynamic loading gives you the flexibility to perform dynamic tests to high-power power supplies without the need for a dedicated high power electronic load.

## D. FRAME LINK



The PEL-2000B Series allows multiple mainframes to be linked together with standard MIL 20-pin connectors to provide higher power load capacity. A maximum of 5 mainframes, including one master and 4 slaves, can be chained together to give a 7kW load capacity for high current and high power applications

## OCF TEST AUTOMATION FUNCTION

OCF is one of the basic protection functions for power supply products. Hence, a fully automatic test function of electronic load is designed for testing OCF function of the output terminal of power supply products.

### I. BENEFITS

Provide users with high resolution OCF measurement values to verify DUT's OCF activation point. Provide users with measurement results so as to help them determine whether DUT's actual OCF activation point meets the regulations.

**DUT : Power Supply**

**OCF Verification Specification : 3A (ideal)±0.1%**  
**Actual Measurement : DUT1 : 3.000A**  
**DUT2 : 2.999A**  
**DUT3 : 3.000A**

Test the value of OCF by setting load current increment from start current to stop current. OCF's activation point can be accurately measured.

### II. FEATURES OF PARAMETER SETTINGS (This mode can only be used under CC mode)

#### Parameters

Active Channel : Applies the setting to the load channel.

Range : High (CC Mode High) or Low (CC Mode Low)

Start Current (Start C) : Starting current value for the test.

End Current (End C) : The current value that will end the test. The value must be higher than the OCF value of the DUT you are testing.

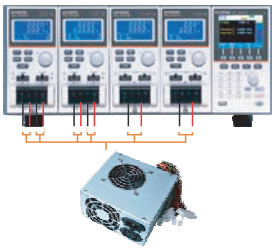
Step Current (Step C) : Sets the step resolution of the current.

Last Current (Last C) : Sets the final current value after OCF has been tripped. This is the steady-state current draw after the OCF has been tripped.

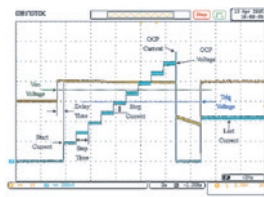
Step Time (Step T) : Sets the execution time of each step. (50ms to 1600s)

Delay Time (Delay) : The OCF testing delay time. Sets the how long to delay starting the test after the Load On key has been pressed. (5ms ~ 160ms)

Trig Voltage (Trig V) : Sets the voltage trigger level needed see whether the power supply OCF has been triggered.



Schematic Diagram



Waveforms Corresponding to Parameters



Parameter Settings



Result: Final DUT Output Status Before Entering OCF

### III. GENERAL MEASUREMENT & HIGH RESOLUTION MEASUREMENT

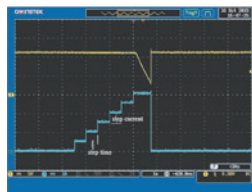
#### GENERAL MEASUREMENT (STEP\_C → 0.5A)

DUT: OCF specification 3A

Set test current from 0A to 4A and each current increment of 0.5A for 0.5 seconds. When DUT's voltage drops to 9V for over 0.5 seconds, it is determined as OCF status.



Parameter Settings



Actual Waveforms  
(ch1: Voltage of DUT; ch2: Current of DUT)



Result: Final DUT Output Status Before Entering OCF

#### HIGH RESOLUTION MEASUREMENT (STEP\_C → 0.001A)

DUT: OCF specification 3A

Set test current from 2.9A to 4A and each current increment of 0.001A for 0.5 seconds. When DUT's voltage drops to 9V for over 0.5 seconds, it is determined as OCF status.



Parameter Settings



Actual Waveforms  
(ch1: Voltage of DUT; ch2: Current of DUT)



Result: Final DUT Output Status Before Entering OCF

# SPECIFICATIONS

	PEL-2020B(100Wx2)		PEL-2030B(250W/30W)				PEL-2040B		PEL-2041B		
CHANNEL	L/R	L/R	Left	Right	Right	Right	one channel	one channel	one channel	one channel	
RANGE	LOW	HIGH	N/A	LOW	HIGH	LOW	HIGH	LOW	HIGH		
POWER	100W	100W	30W	250W	250W	350W		350W			
CURRENT	0-2A	0-20A	0-5A	0-4A	0-40A	0-7A	0-70A	0-1A	0-10A		
VOLTAGE	0-80V		0-80V				0-80V		0-500V		
MIN.OPERATING VOLTAGE(dc)(Typ.)	0.4V at 2A 0.2V at 1A	0.8V at 20A 0.4V at 10A	0.8V at 5A 0.4V at 2.5A	0.4V at 4A 0.2V at 2A	0.8V at 40A 0.4V at 20A	0.4V at 7A 0.2V at 3.5A	0.8V at 70A 0.4V at 35A	1V at 1A 0.5V at 0.5A	2V at 10A 1V at 5A		
<b>STATIC MODE</b>											
<b>CONSTANT CURRENT MODE</b>											
	Operating Range	0-2A	0-20A	0-5A	0-4A	0-40A	0-7A	0-70A	0-1A	0-10A	
	Setting Range	0-2.04A	0-20.4A	0-5.1A	0-4.08A	0-40.8A	0-7.14A	0-71.4A	0-1.02A	0-10.2A	
	Resolution	0.1mA	1mA	0.125mA	0.1mA	1mA	0.2mA	2mA	0.05mA	0.5mA	
	Accuracy	±(0.1%set + 0.1%F.S. <sup>1</sup> )	±(0.1%set + 0.2%F.S.)	±(0.1%set + 0.1%F.S.)	±(0.1%set + 0.1%F.S. <sup>1</sup> )	±(0.1%set + 0.2%F.S.)	±(0.1%set + 0.1%F.S. <sup>1</sup> )	±(0.1%set + 0.2%F.S.)	±(0.1%set + 0.1%F.S. <sup>1</sup> )	±(0.1%set + 0.2%F.S.)	
<b>CONSTANT RESISTANCE MODE</b>											
	Operating Range	0.075Ω-300Ω(100W/16V) 3.75Ω-15kΩ(100W/80V)	0.3Ω-1.2kΩ(30W/16V) 15Ω-60kΩ(30W/80V)	0.0375Ω-150Ω(250W/16V) 1.875Ω-7.5kΩ(250W/80V)	0.0375Ω-150Ω(250W/16V) 1.875Ω-7.5kΩ(250W/80V)	0.025Ω-100Ω(350W/16V) 1.25Ω-5kΩ(350W/80V)	0.025Ω-100Ω(350W/16V) 1.25Ω-5kΩ(350W/80V)	1.25Ω-5kΩ(350W/125V) 50Ω-200kΩ(350W/500V)	1.25Ω-5kΩ(350W/125V) 50Ω-200kΩ(350W/500V)		
	Setting Range	0.075Ω-300Ω(100W/16V) 3.75Ω-15kΩ(100W/80V)	0.3Ω-1.2kΩ(30W/16V) 15Ω-60kΩ(30W/80V)	0.0375Ω-150Ω(250W/16V) 1.875Ω-7.5kΩ(250W/80V)	0.0375Ω-150Ω(250W/16V) 1.875Ω-7.5kΩ(250W/80V)	0.025Ω-100Ω(350W/16V) 1.25Ω-5kΩ(350W/80V)	0.025Ω-100Ω(350W/16V) 1.25Ω-5kΩ(350W/80V)	1.25Ω-5kΩ(350W/125V) 50Ω-200kΩ(350W/500V)	1.25Ω-5kΩ(350W/125V) 50Ω-200kΩ(350W/500V)		
	Resolution <sup>1</sup>	0.333mS(100W/16V) 6.667μS(100W/80V)	83.333μS(30W/16V) 1.666μS(30W/80V)	0.666mS(250W/16V) 13.333μS(250W/80V)	0.666mS(250W/16V) 13.333μS(250W/80V)	1mS(350W/16V) 20μS(350W/80V)	1mS(350W/16V) 20μS(350W/80V)	20μS(350W/125V) 0.5μS(350W/500V)	20μS(350W/125V) 0.5μS(350W/500V)		
	Accuracy <sup>2</sup>	300Ω : ±(0.2%set + 0.1S)	1.2kΩ : ±(0.2%set + 0.1S)	150Ω : ±(0.2%set + 0.1S)	150Ω : ±(0.2%set + 0.1S)	100Ω : ±(0.2%set + 0.1S)	100Ω : ±(0.2%set + 0.1S)	5kΩ : ±(0.2%set + 0.02S)	5kΩ : ±(0.2%set + 0.02S)		
	With≥2.5V at input	15kΩ : ±(0.1%set + 0.01S)	60kΩ : ±(0.1%set + 0.01S)	7.5kΩ : ±(0.1%set + 0.01S)	7.5kΩ : ±(0.1%set + 0.01S)	5kΩ : ±(0.1%set + 0.01S)	5kΩ : ±(0.1%set + 0.01S)	200kΩ : ±(0.1%set + 0.005S)	200kΩ : ±(0.1%set + 0.005S)		
NOTE : *1 : S (siemens) is the unit of conductance, equal to one reciprocal ohm. *2 : Accuracy must be calculated in conductivity units.											
<b>CONSTANT VOLTAGE + CONSTANT CURRENT MODE</b>											
	Operating Range	1-16V	1-80V	1-16V	1-80V	1-16V	1-80V	1-16V	1-80V	2.5-125V	2.5-500V
	Setting Range	0-16.32V	0-81.6V	0-16.32V	0-81.6V	0-16.32V	0-81.6V	0-16.32V	0-81.6V	0-127.5V	0-510V
	Resolution	0.4mV	2mV	0.4mV	2mV	0.4mV	2mV	0.4mV	2mV	2.5mV	10mV
	Accuracy	±(0.05%set + 0.1%F.S.)	±(0.05%set + 0.1%F.S.)	±(0.05%set + 0.1%F.S.)	±(0.05%set + 0.1%F.S.)	±(0.05%set + 0.1%F.S.)	±(0.05%set + 0.1%F.S.)	±(0.05%set + 0.1%F.S.)	±(0.05%set + 0.1%F.S.)	±(0.05%set + 0.1%F.S.)	±(0.05%set + 0.1%F.S.)
	Current Setting Range	0-20.4A	0-2.04A	0-5.1A	0-40.8A	0-4.08A	0-71.4A	0-7.14A	0-71.4A	0-10.2A	0-1.02A
	Resolution	1mA	0.1mA	0.125mA	1mA	0.1mA	2mA	0.2mA	2mA	0.05mA	0.05mA
	Accuracy	±(0.1%set + 0.2%F.S.)	±(0.1%set + 0.1%F.S. <sup>1</sup> )	±(0.1%set + 0.2%F.S.)	±(0.1%set + 0.2%F.S.)	±(0.1%set + 0.1%F.S. <sup>1</sup> )	±(0.1%set + 0.2%F.S.)	±(0.1%set + 0.1%F.S. <sup>1</sup> )	±(0.1%set + 0.2%F.S.)	±(0.1%set + 0.2%F.S.)	±(0.1%set + 0.1%F.S. <sup>1</sup> )
<b>CONSTANT POWER MODE + CONSTANT CURRENT MODE</b>											
	Operating Range	1-10W	1-100W	1-30W	1-25W	1-250W	1-35W	1-350W	1-35W	1-350W	
	Setting Range	0-10.2W	0-102W	0-30.6W	0-25.5W	0-255W	0-35.7W	0-357W	0-35.7W	0-357W	
	Resolution	1mW	10mW	1mW	1mW	10mW	1mW	10mW	1mW	10mW	
	Accuracy	±(0.5%set + 0.5%F.S. <sup>1</sup> )	±(0.5%set + 0.5%F.S.)	±(0.5%set + 0.5%F.S.)	±(0.5%set + 0.5%F.S. <sup>1</sup> )	±(0.5%set + 0.5%F.S.)	±(0.5%set + 0.5%F.S.)	±(0.5%set + 0.5%F.S.)	±(0.5%set + 0.5%F.S.)	±(0.5%set + 0.5%F.S.)	
	Current Setting Range	0-2.04A	0-20.4A	0-5.1A	0-4.08A	0-40.8A	0-7.14A	0-71.4A	0-1.02A	0-10.2A	
	Resolution	0.1mA	1mA	0.125mA	0.1mA	1mA	0.2mA	2mA	0.05mA	0.5mA	
	Accuracy	±(0.1%set + 0.1%F.S. <sup>1</sup> )	±(0.1%set + 0.2%F.S.)	±(0.1%set + 0.2%F.S.)	±(0.1%set + 0.1%F.S. <sup>1</sup> )	±(0.1%set + 0.2%F.S.)	±(0.1%set + 0.1%F.S. <sup>1</sup> )	±(0.1%set + 0.2%F.S.)	±(0.1%set + 0.1%F.S. <sup>1</sup> )	±(0.1%set + 0.2%F.S.)	
NOTE : *1 : F.S. = Full scale of H Range											
<b>DYNAMIC MODE</b>											
	T1&T2	0.025ms ~ 10ms / Res : 1μs		0.025ms ~ 10ms / Res : 1μs		0.025ms ~ 10ms / Res : 1μs		0.025ms ~ 10ms / Res : 1μs			
		10ms ~ 30s / Res : 1ms		10ms ~ 30s / Res : 1ms		10ms ~ 30s / Res : 1ms		10ms ~ 30s / Res : 1ms			
	Accuracy	1μs / 1ms ± 100ppm		1μs / 1ms ± 100ppm		1μs / 1ms ± 100ppm		1μs / 1ms ± 100ppm			
<b>CONSTANT CURRENT MODE</b>											
	Slew Rate	0.32 ~ 80mA/μs	3.2 ~ 800mA/μs	0.8 ~ 200mA/μs	0.64 ~ 160mA/μs	6.4 ~ 1600mA/μs	0.001 ~ 0.28A/μs	0.01 ~ 2.8A/μs	0.16 ~ 40mA/μs	1.6 ~ 400mA/μs	
	Slew Rate Resolution	0.32mA/μs	3.2mA/μs	0.8mA/μs	0.64mA/μs	6.4mA/μs	0.001A/μs	0.01A/μs	0.16mA/μs	1.6mA/μs	
	Slew Rate Accuracy of Setting	±(10% + 15μs)	±(10% + 15μs)	±(10% + 15μs)	±(10% + 15μs)	±(10% + 15μs)	±(10% + 15μs)	±(10% + 15μs)	±(10% + 15μs)	±(10% + 15μs)	
	Current Setting Range	0-2.04A	0-20.4A	0-5.1A	0-4.08A	0-40.8A	0-7.14A	0-71.4A	0-1.02A	0-10.2A	
	Current Resolution	0.1mA	1mA	0.125mA	0.1mA	1mA	0.2mA	2mA	0.05mA	0.5mA	
	Current Accuracy	±0.4% F.S.		±0.4% F.S.		±0.4% F.S.		±0.4% F.S.			
<b>CONSTANT RESISTANCE MODE</b>											
	Slew Rate	3.2 ~ 800mA/μs		0.8 ~ 200mA/μs		6.4 ~ 1600mA/μs		0.01 ~ 2.8A/μs		1.6 ~ 400mA/μs	
	Slew Rate Resolution	3.2mA/μs		0.8mA/μs		6.4mA/μs		0.01A/μs		1.6mA/μs	
	Slew Rate Accuracy of Setting	±(10% + 50μs)		±(10% + 50μs)		±(10% + 50μs)		±(10% + 50μs)		±(10% + 50μs)	
	Resistance Setting Range	0.075Ω-300Ω(100W/16V) 3.75Ω-15kΩ(100W/80V)	0.3Ω-1.2kΩ(30W/16V) 15Ω-60kΩ(30W/80V)	0.0375Ω-150Ω(250W/16V) 1.875Ω-7.5kΩ(250W/80V)	0.0375Ω-150Ω(250W/16V) 1.875Ω-7.5kΩ(250W/80V)	0.025Ω-100Ω(350W/16V) 1.25Ω-5kΩ(350W/80V)	0.025Ω-100Ω(350W/16V) 1.25Ω-5kΩ(350W/80V)	1.25Ω-5kΩ(350W/125V) 50Ω-200kΩ(350W/500V)	1.25Ω-5kΩ(350W/125V) 50Ω-200kΩ(350W/500V)		
	Resistance Resolution	0.333mS(100W/16V) 6.667μS(100W/80V)	83.333μS(30W/16V) 1.666μS(30W/80V)	0.666mS(250W/16V) 13.333μS(250W/80V)	0.666mS(250W/16V) 13.333μS(250W/80V)	1mS(350W/16V) 20μS(350W/80V)	1mS(350W/16V) 20μS(350W/80V)	20μS(350W/125V) 0.5μS(350W/500V)	20μS(350W/125V) 0.5μS(350W/500V)		
	Resistance Accuracy	300Ω : ±(0.5%set + 0.1S) 15kΩ : ±(0.5%set + 0.01S)	1.2kΩ : ±(0.5%set + 0.1S) 60kΩ : ±(0.5%set + 0.01S)	150Ω : ±(0.5%set + 0.1S) 7.5kΩ : ±(0.5%set + 0.01S)	150Ω : ±(0.5%set + 0.1S) 7.5kΩ : ±(0.5%set + 0.01S)	100Ω : ±(0.5%set + 0.1S) 5kΩ : ±(0.5%set + 0.01S)	100Ω : ±(0.5%set + 0.1S) 5kΩ : ±(0.5%set + 0.01S)	5kΩ : ±(0.5%set + 0.02S) 200kΩ : ±(0.5%set + 0.005S)	5kΩ : ±(0.5%set + 0.02S) 200kΩ : ±(0.5%set + 0.005S)		
<b>MEASUREMENT</b>											
<b>VOLTAGE READBACK</b>											
	Range	0-16V	0-80V	0-16V	0-80V	0-16V	0-80V	0-16V	0-80V	0-125V	0-500V
	Resolution	0.32mV	1.6mV	0.32mV	1.6mV	0.32mV	1.6mV	0.32mV	1.6mV	2.5mV	10mV
	Accuracy	±(0.025%set + 0.025% F.S.)		±(0.025%set + 0.025% F.S.)		±(0.025%set + 0.025% F.S.)		±(0.025%set + 0.025% F.S.)		±(0.025%set + 0.025% F.S.)	
<b>CURRENT READBACK</b>											
	Range	0-2A	0-20A	0-5A	0-4A	0-40A	0-7A	0-70A	0-1A	0-10A	
	Resolution	0.04mA	0.4mA	0.1mA	0.08mA	0.8mA	0.14mA	1.4mA	0.02mA	0.2mA	
	Accuracy	±(0.05%set + 0.05% F.S. <sup>1</sup> )		±(0.05%set + 0.05% F.S. <sup>1</sup> )		±(0.05%set + 0.05% F.S. <sup>1</sup> )		±(0.05%set + 0.05% F.S. <sup>1</sup> )		±(0.05%set + 0.05% F.S. <sup>1</sup> )	
<b>POWER READBACK</b>											
	Range	0-10W	0-100W	0-30W	0-25W	0-250W	0-35W	0-350W	0-35W	0-350W	
	Accuracy	±(0.1%set + 0.1% F.S. <sup>1</sup> )		±(0.1%set + 0.1% F.S. <sup>1</sup> )		±(0.1%set + 0.1% F.S. <sup>1</sup> )		±(0.1%set + 0.1% F.S. <sup>1</sup> )		±(0.1%set + 0.1% F.S. <sup>1</sup> )	
NOTE : *1 : Power F.S. = Vrange F.S. x Irange F.S. *2 : F.S. = Full scale of H Range											

